Keeping Labor Safe LLC The Fetal Reserve Index (FRI)-EMR Output Dr. Mark I Evans MD OB/GYN Gregory F. Ryan MBA

The Need:

Childbirth should be a time of great joy, but it can also be perilous. Electronic fetal monitoring (EFM) has been used for >50 years to predict and prevent compromised babies who can have neurodevelopmental delays including cerebral palsy. Unfortunately, EFM has performed poorly – missing as much as 50% of problematic cases. As a result, medical liability costs around labor have reached \$40 Billion per year in the USA. Outcomes have been worse in minority populations. We have developed a very disruptive technology called the Fetal Reserve Index (FRI) to provide improved and earlier assessment of clinical risk to prevent damage rather than react to it. We need to move the FRI into a deployable platform for clinical introduction, refinement, and world-wide implementation. We need help to create the app for clinical implementation.

Company Background:

Keeping Labor Safe, LLC (KLS), is a start- up medical technology company, developing technology and software that will make labor and delivery (L&D) and immediate postpartum care (L&D/PC) safer for mother and newborn infant. Our team is primarily comprised of medical professionals who have spent our careers working in maternity hospitals in Detroit, Chicago, Augusta, Dayton, Ohio, Philadelphia and New York City where we have seen firsthand the need to make childbirth safer for all parties involved. We have developed the Fetal Reserve Index (FRI) to identify distressed fetuses earlier in the course of developing compromise and to allow for earlier intervention to help produce better medical outcomes for mother, fetus, and baby. We have multiple papers and patents and have developed the computer algorithm to "read" the tracing and produce a quantitative score.

The Project:

Create an API that will extract the required FRI Risk Factor Data from Epic and/or Cerner Systems Electronic Medical Records Software (EMR/EHR) and automatically input the desired data into the FRI. With this project we are looking for electronic download of risk factor data residing in current models of Electronic Health Record platforms (EPIC, Cerner), all data is then input through the custom-built API built in project 1 into the FRI Algorithm. Once data is input, it will be combined with the 5 factors received through the EFMs and produce a diagnostic output that will be returned to the user's device and displayed in an easy-to-read visual format.

Application Requirements:

- Dynamically update on-screen reporting as data is input
- HIPAA compliant

Technologies, Desired Skills or ability to learn:

- MUMPS (Massachusetts General Hospital Utility Multi-Programming System)
- Cache [1]
- CCL (Cerner Command Language) https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cerner_CCL
- SQL
- Epic Share Everywhere
- CommonWell Health Alliance Interoperability Software standard for electronic health records
- Client Server architecture
- Cloud based architecture
- Others as appropriate

Risk Factor Data:

We are looking to obtain three categories of Risk Factor Data: Maternal, Obstetrical and Fetal Risk Factors.

Maternal Risk Factors include:

- Decreased Cardiac Output
- Hypertension (chronic and pregnancy induced)
- SLE
- Oxygen Carrying Capacity
- Pulmonary Disorders (asthma etc.)
- Infection (chronic and acute)
- Malabsorption (poor weight gain)
- Endocrine (diabetes and thyroid)
- Advanced Maternal Age
- Smoking
- Drug Abuse/Addiction
- Obesity (BMI > 35)
- Short Stature (≤ 5 '2")

Obstetrical Risk Factors:

- IUGR/Macrosomia
- Oligohydramnios
- Polyhydramnios
- Bleeding and abruption
- Previous Cesarean delivery
- Placental and umbilical cord anomalies
- Rupture of membranes (PPROM, SROM, AROM)
- Dystocia (protraction and arrest of disorders of labor)
- Malpresentation

Fetal Risk Factors:

- Abnormal dopplers/BPP
- Genetic Disorders
- Fetal Arrythmia
- Meconium passage
- Chorioamnionitis
- Second stage of labor (pushing)
- Amnioinfusion
- Discontinuation of Pitocin due to fetal intolerance
- Conversion patterns (acute prolonged tachycardia: >170 beats per minute)
- Bradycardia (<100 beats per minute)
- Ominous Overshoots
- Missing important data in labor (e.g. lack of EFM in 2nd stage)

Preferred Team Size: 4-5 Students

Preferred Work Location: Remote

• Meeting regularly via Zoom

Intellectual Property: All intellectual property developed as part of this project will be owned by Keeping Labor Safe, LLC.

NDA: Signed NDA will be required